Hope Herth Index (HHI): a validation study in Italian patients with solid and hematological malignancies on active cancer treatment

Carla Ida Ripamonti1, Loredana Buonaccorso2, Alice Maruelli3, Elena Bandieri4, Stefania Boldini1, Maria Adelaide Pessi1, Francesca Chiesi3, and Guido Miccinesi6

1Supportive Care in Cancer Unit, Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Nazionale dei Tumori, Milan; 2AMO, Association of Oncological Patients from nine towns and villages located in the northern area of Modena; 3Psychology Unit, LiLT and Center for Oncological Rehabilitation, CERION, Florence; 4Oncology Unit, Azienda USL Modena (CeVEAS), Modena; 5Department of Psychology, University of Florence, Florence; 6Clinical Epidemiology Unit, ISPO-Institute for the Study and Prevention of Cancer, Florence, Italy

ABSTRACT

Aims and background. Although hope is a widely used term, the experience of hope in patients with chronic or even life-threatening diseases is often disregarded due to the scarcity of carefully designed and validated assessment tools. The aim of this study was to validate the Hope Herth Index (HHI) questionnaire in the Italian population of patients with solid or hematological malignancies during active cancer treatment.

Methods. After the translation procedures, the psychometric properties of the Italian version of HHI were evaluated in 266 patients with non-advanced cancer cared for in four different settings. Summative scores ranged from 12-48, with a higher score denoting greater hope. Confirmative factorial analysis was performed to assess dimensionality. The test-retest reliability was assessed by means of the Lin concordance coefficient (two weeks’ interval, 80 patients). Concurrent validity was assessed through the following questionnaires: Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS), Functional Assessment of Chronic Illness Therapy-Spiritual Well-Being (FACIT-Sp), Edmonton Symptom Assessment Scale (ESAS), and System Belief Inventory (SBI-15R).

Results. A total of 266 patients were enrolled. Confirmative factor analysis did not confirm the original three-factor solution, whereas a one-factor solution did perform well. Cronbach’s alpha was 0.84 and the test-retest reliability was 0.64 (95% CI 0.51; 0.76). Large convergence was found with spiritual well-being as measured by the FACIT-Sp (0.69) and with anxiety-depression as measured by the HADS (inverse correlation: -0.51). Physical symptoms and religiousness were only slightly correlated, as expected.

Conclusions. The Italian version of HHI is a valid and reliable assessment tool – useful to initiate conversation with someone who is troubled but finds it difficult to talk – in patients with either solid or hematological malignancies on active cancer treatment during the non-advanced stages of the disease.

Key words: cancer, hope, Hope Herth Index (HHI) Italian version, psychometric properties.

Conflict of interest: All authors declare they have no sponsor supporting the research and therefore have no financial relationship with anybody. All authors have full control of all primary data and agree to allow the journal to review their data if requested.

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Correspondence to: Carla Ida Ripamonti MD, Head, Supportive Care in Cancer Unit, Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Nazionale dei Tumori, Via Venezian 1, 20133 Milan, Italy. Tel +39-02-23903644/3641/3383; email carla.ripamonti@istitutotumori.mi.it

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